







# Conception of a Global Digital Twin to Evaluate the Impact of Climate Change on the Production of Photovoltaic Power Plants

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#### **Project Funding:**

- 50% Défi-clé PV-STAR
- 50% Apex Energie and Urba Solar

# **Project Context**

Climate Change and Solar Power in the 21st Century

- Two developments seem very likely:
  - 1) the world will get warmer
  - 2) solar panel deployment will increase

- that solar cell performance is affected by:
  - Change in the solar spectrum
  - Temperature
  - Water content in the atmosphere
  - Atmospheric pollution ...

How will climate change affect solar energy production in the future?





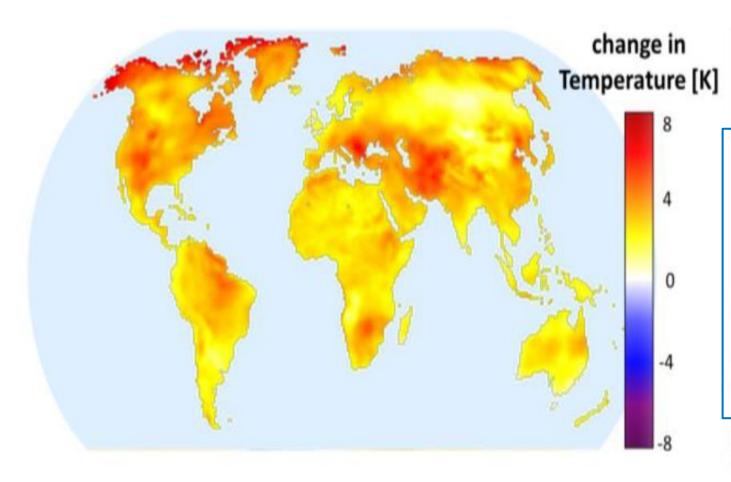






### **Project Context**

### Example: Temperature



- Projected global temperature change between 2000 and 2100 according to the RCP 4.5 scenario of the IPCC
- The average worldwide temperature increase is +1.8K
- The temperature in south of France increases until +4K

Ian Marius Peters, Tonio Buonassisi, The Impact of Global Warming on Silicon PV Energy Yield in 2100, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 02139, USA







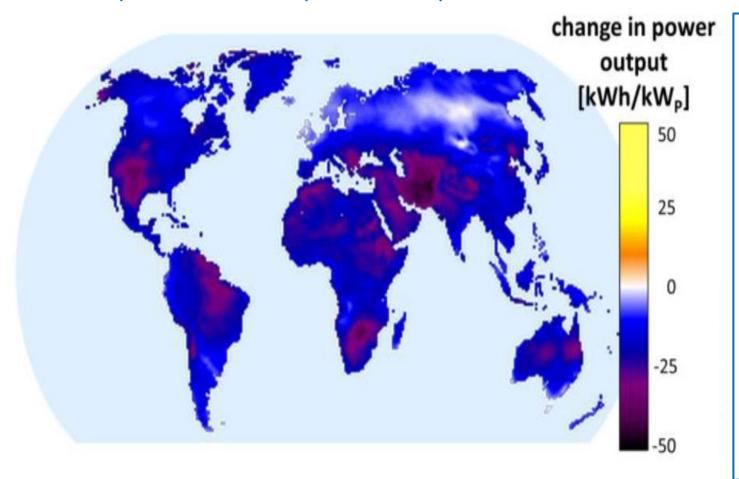






### **Project Context**

#### Example: Effect of temperature on production



- Projected global change in energy output for a silicon PV installation between 2000 and 2100 for the temperature changes
- As temperatures raise nearly everywhere on the land mass of our planet, energy output is reduced everywhere
- The median reduction is approx. 15 kWh/kWp
- Some regions reaching up to 50 kWh/kWp

Ian Marius Peters, Tonio Buonassisi, The Impact of Global Warming on Silicon PV Energy Yield in 2100, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 02139, USA







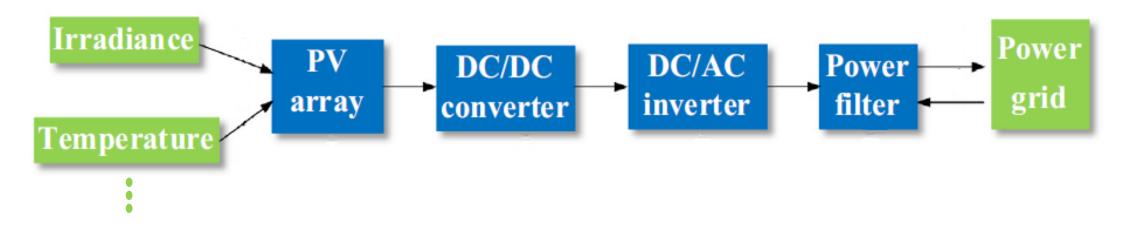




# **Project Goal**

Develop a global numerical model (digital twin) to evaluate the overall performance of a PV power plant with sufficient accuracy to cover current and future economic and climatic challenges















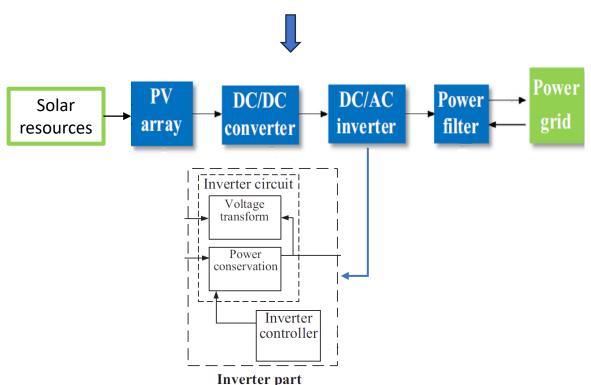


# Model specification

Multi-scale modelling using physical models



It will be built from physical blocks, the proposed digital twin should eventually make it possible to assess the impact of each of the plant's constituent blocks on its overall behavior



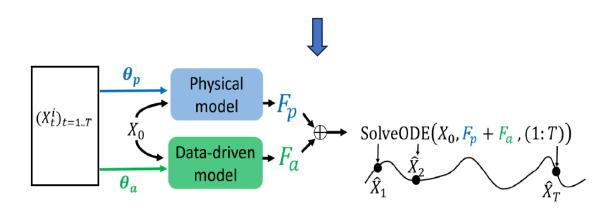
The globality of the model means a huge amount of data



This creates parameters that are not given for calculations in the physical model



The idea is to use a **hybrid model** (machine learning type) to interpolate these parameters in order to obtain accurate results















# Challenges

- Modeling these large-scale, complex systems is not easy using traditional methods based on pure physical representation
- Difficult to integrate the necessary data in this complexity
- High precision with reasonable calculation times
- Validation of model









